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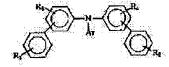
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## (54) ELECTROPHOTOGRAPHIC PHOTORECEPTOR

(57) Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide an electrophotographic photoreceptor high in sensitivity and small in occurrences of deterioration of potential acceptance and deterioration of sensitivity and freed of deterioration of a photosensitive layer film and occurrence of image defects in a recorded image and occurrence of stains on a background and superior in stability against rgg uses by incorporating 2 kinds of specified compounds in a photosensitive layer formed on a conductive substrate. SOLUTION: The photoreceptor is provided on the conductive substrate with the photosensitive layer containing the compound represented by formula I and the compound represented by formula II or the like, and in formulae I and II, each of R1 and R2 is an H atom or an amino or diaminoalkyl group or the like; each of R3 and R4 is an H atom or an alkoxy or alkyl group or the like; Ar is a monocyclic aromatic hydrocarbon or a noncondensed polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon or heterocyclic group; A is a 9-anthryl or N-substituted carbazolyl or N-substituted phenothiazinyl group or the like; R is an H atom or an alkyl or aralkyl group or the like, (m) is an integer of 2-8: and (n) is 0 or I.



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#### **CLAIMS**

#### [Claim(s)]

[Claim 1] An electrophotography photo conductor characterized by coming to prepare a sensitization layer containing a kind of a compound shown by compound shown by the following general formula (1) at least, the following general formula (2), or (24) on a conductive base material.

#### (Formula 11

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / the dialkylamino radical which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, the amino group, substitute, or /, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, substitute, or /, a halogen atom, substitute, or ], and R3 and R4 express the alkyl group or halogen atom which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, an alkoxy group, substitute, or ].) Ar expresses the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the non-condensing polycyclic-aromatic-hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / the monocyclic aromatic compound hydrocarbon group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].

#### [Formula 2]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical which is not replaced [ 9-anthryl radical, substitute, or ], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (a).

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ]. m expresses the integer of 2-8 and n expresses the integer of 0 or 1.

### [Formula 4]

(Ar expresses among a formula the biphenylene radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], R1, R2, and R3 express the alkyl group and alkoxy group which may have a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, or a substituent, an aryloxy group, an alkyl sulfhydryl group, a methylene dioxy radical, the methylene dithio, and an aryl group, and even if R1, R2, and R3 are the same respectively, they may differ.) 1, m, and n express the integer of 1-5, and when each is the integer of 2-5, even if R1, R2, and R3 are the same, they may differ.

#### [Formula 5]

(Among the formula, A1 and A2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or ], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) Ar expresses the condensation polynuclear hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ].

#### [Formula 6]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.) R3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or ], and R4 and R5 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, substitute, or ] and a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and 1 expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When 1 and m are two or more integers, even if R4 and R5 are the same, they may differ.

### [Formula 7]

(R1 expresses among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R2, R3, and R4 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a methylene dioxy radical, substitute, or /, a halogen atom, substitute, or ].) h expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and k and l express the integer of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. When h, k, and l are two or more integers, even if R2, R3, and R4 are the same, they may differ. n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and m expresses the integer of 4-n. When m is two or more, R1 may be the same or may differ.

(Among the formula, R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or ], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) However, 1 and 6-diamino pyrene compound is removed. [Formula 9]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 10]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, substitute, or ], R3 and R4 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, an alkoxy carbonyl group, substitute, or ], and R5 expresses a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, or an alkoxy group.) W expresses the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, substitute, or]. In the integer of 1-4, and l, the integer of 0-2 and m express the integer of 1 or 2, and n expresses [j/the integer of 1-5, and k] the integer of 1-3.

[Formula 11]

the inside of [type, and R1 -- a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, and a low-grade alkyl group -- expressing -- Ar -the following general formula (b) -- or (c) --

[Formula 12]

(-- however, R2, R3, and R6 express the benzyl which is not replaced [ the low-grade alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R4 and R5 express a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, or a JI low-grade alkylamino radical.) -- it expresses. ]

[Formula 13]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group, and chloro ethyl group or a hydroxyethyl radical among a formula, R2 expresses a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and R3 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [ the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 14]

(R1 expresses a low-grade alkyl group among a formula, and R2 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [ the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 15]

(Among a formula, even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ from each other, and they express the aralkyl radical which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group and hydroxy low-grade alkyl group, a Krol low-grade alkyl group the acyl group of the carbon numbers 1-2 of alkyl, the cycloalkyl radical of the carbon numbers 5-6 of alkyl, substitute, or 1.)

[Formula 16]

A-CH2CH2-Ar1-CH2CH2-A (14)

Ar1 expresses among [type the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and A is N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (d) which is not replaced [ substitute or ].

[Formula 17]

(-- however, Ar2 is a heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- it expresses. ]

[Formula 18]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a dialkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, or a halogen atom among a formula, R2 and R3 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute or ], and Ar expresses an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

(Formula 191

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (e).

[Formula 20]

(-- however, Ar is an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical, and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. n expresses the integer of 0-4, and when n is two or more, even if R is the same, it may differ. ] [Formula 21]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (f).

[Formula 22]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ]. n expresses the integer of 0-8.

(R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom among a formula, and even if these are the same, they may differ.)

[Formula 24]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and at least one of R1 and R2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ substitute or ].)
[Formula 25]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ.) R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When m or n is two or more, even if R3 and R4 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 26]

(m expresses the integer of 0 or 1 among a formula, and when m is 1, X expresses an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, -CH2-, -CH2CH2-, -CH=CH-, or -N(R)- (however, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].).) R1 and R2 express an alkyl group, an aralkyl radical, a ring type aromatic series radical, or a heterocycle radical, and R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. Ar expresses a ring type aromatic series radical or a heterocycle radical. n expresses the integer of 0 or 1. R3 may form the benzene ring with X.

[Formula 27]

(Ar expresses a phenylene group or a biphenylene radical among a formula, and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) n expresses the integer of 1-4. [Formula 28]

(A1 expresses among a formula the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], A2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and A3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].) n expresses the integer of m and 1, or 2, and m+n is 3. However, when n is m or 2, even if A1, A3, or A2 is the same, it may differ. [Formula 29]

(R expresses a low-grade alkyl group or benzyl among a formula, and X expresses the amino group replaced by a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a halogen atom, the nitro group, the amino group, the low-grade alkyl group, or benzyl.) In expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Claim 2] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 1 characterized by containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer becomes from a charge generating layer which uses a charge transportation layer and a charge generating material as a principal component at least, and this charge transportation layer is shown by compound shown by general formula (1) at least, general formula (2), or (24).

[Claim 3] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 1 characterized by consisting of a monolayer sensitization layer containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer is shown by compound shown by charge generating material and general formula (1) at least, general formula (2), or (24).

[Claim 4] An electrophotography photo conductor characterized by coming to prepare a sensitization layer containing a kind of a compound shown by compound shown by the following general formula (2) at least, the following general formula (3), or (24) on a conductive base material.

[Formula 30]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (a).

[Formula 31]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or ]. m expresses the integer of 2-8 and n expresses the integer of 0 or 1.]

[Formula 32]

(Ar expresses among a formula the biphenylene radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], R1, R2, and R3 express the alkyl group and alkoxy group which may have a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, or a substituent, an aryloxy group, an alkyl sulfhydryl group, a methylene dioxy radical, the methylene dithio, and an aryl group, and even if R1, R2, and R3 are the same respectively, they may differ.) l, m, and n express the integer of 1-5, and when each is the integer of 2-5, even if R1, R2, and R3 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 33]

(Among the formula, A1 and A2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or ], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) Ar expresses the condensation polynuclear hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ].

[Formula 34]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.) R3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or ], and R4 and R5 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, substitute, or ] and a halogen atom. m

expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and 1 expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When I and m are two or more integers, even if R4 and R5 are the same, they may differ.

(Formula 35)

(R1 expresses among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R2, R3, and R4 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a methylene dioxy radical, substitute, or /, a halogen atom, substitute, or ].) h expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and k and l express the integer of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. When h, k, and I are two or more integers, even if R2, R3, and R4 are the same, they may differ. n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and m expresses the integer of 4-n. When m is two or more, R1 may be the same or may differ.

[Formula 36]

(Among the formula, R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or ], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) However, 1 and 6-diamino pyrene compound is removed.

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or 1.)

[Formula 38]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, substitute, or ], R3 and R4 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, an alkoxy carbonyl group, substitute, or ], and R5 expresses a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, or an alkoxy group.) W expresses the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, substitute, or ]. In the integer of 1-4, and l, the integer of 0-2 and m express the integer of 1 or 2, and n expresses [j/the integer of 1-5, and k] the integer of 1-3.

[Formula 39]

the inside of [type, and R1 -- a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, and a low-grade alkyl group -- expressing -- Ar -the following general formula (b) -- or (c) --

[Formula 40]

(-- however, R2, R3, and R6 express the benzyl which is not replaced [ the low-grade alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R4 and R5 express a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, or a JI low-grade alkylamino radical.) -- it expresses. ]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group, and chloro ethyl group or a hydroxyethyl radical among a formula, R2 expresses a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and R3 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [ the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and II low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 42]

(R1 expresses a low-grade alkyl group among a formula, and R2 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [ the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or l.)

[Formula 43]

(Among a formula, even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ from each other, and they express the aralkyl radical which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group and hydroxy low-grade alkyl group, a Krol low-grade alkyl group the acyl group of the carbon numbers 1-2 of alkyl, the cycloalkyl radical of the carbon numbers 5-6 of alkyl, substitute, or ].) [Formula 44]

A-CH2CH2-Ar1-CH2CH2-A (14)

Ar 1 expresses among [type the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and A is N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (d) which is not replaced [ substitute or ].

[Formula 45]

(-- however, Ar2 is a heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- it expresses. ]

[Formula 46]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a dialkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, or a halogen atom among a formula, R2 and R3 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute or ], and Ar expresses an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Formula 47]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (e).

[Formula 48]

(-- however, Ar is an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical, and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. n expresses the integer of 0-4, and when n is two or more, even if R is the same, it may differ. ]

[Formula 49]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (f).

[Formula 50]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or ]. n expresses the integer of 0-8.

[Formula 51]

(R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom among a formula, and even if these are the same, they may differ.)

[Formula 52]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and at least one of R1 and R2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ substitute or ].)

[Formula 53]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ.) R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When m or n is two or more, even if R3 and R4 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 54]

(m expresses the integer of 0 or 1 among a formula, and when m is 1, X expresses an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, -CH2-, -CH2CH2-, -CH=CH-, or -N(R)- (however, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].).) R1 and R2 express an alkyl group, an aralkyl radical, a ring type aromatic series radical, or a heterocycle radical, and R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. Ar expresses a ring type aromatic series radical or a heterocycle radical. n expresses the integer of 0 or 1. R3 may form the benzene ring with X.

[Formula 55]

(Ar expresses a phenylene group or a biphenylene radical among a formula, and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) n expresses the integer of 1-4.

(A1 expresses among a formula the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], A2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and Ar3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].) n expresses the integer of m and 1, or 2, and m+n is 3. However, when n is m or 2, even if A1, Ar3, or A2 is the same, it may differ. [Formula 57]

(R expresses a low-grade alkyl group or benzyl among a formula, and X expresses the amino group replaced by a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a halogen atom, the nitro group, the amino group, the low-grade alkyl group, or benzyl.) In expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Claim 5] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 4 characterized by containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer becomes from a charge generating layer which uses a charge transportation layer and a charge generating material as a principal component at least, and this charge transportation layer is shown by compound shown by general formula (2) at least, general formula (3), or (24).

[Claim 6] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 4 characterized by consisting of a monolayer sensitization layer containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer is shown by compound shown by charge generating material and general formula (2) at least, general formula (3), or (24).

[Claim 7] An electrophotography photo conductor characterized by coming to prepare a sensitization layer containing a kind of a compound shown by compound shown by the following general formula (3) at least, the following general formula (4), or (24) on a conductive base material.

[Formula 58]

(Ar expresses among a formula the biphenylene radical which is not replaced [substitute or], R1, R2, and R3 express the alkyl group and alkoxy group which may have a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, or a substituent, an aryloxy group, an alkyl sulfhydryl group, a methylene dioxy radical, the methylene dithio, and an aryl group, and even if R1, R2, and R3 are the same respectively, they may differ.) l, m, and n express the integer of 1-5, and when each is the integer of 2-5, even if R1, R2, and R3 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 59]

(Among the formula, A1 and A2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or ], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) Ar expresses the condensation polynuclear hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ].

[Formula 60]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /,

substitute, or ], and n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.) R3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, substitute, or ], and R4 and R5 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, substitute, or ] and a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and 1 expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When I and m are two or more integers, even if R4 and R5 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 61]

(R1 expresses among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R2, R3, and R4 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a methylene dioxy radical, substitute, or /, a halogen atom, substitute, or ].) h expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and k and l express the integer of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. When h, k, and l are two or more integers, even if R2, R3, and R4 are the same, they may differ n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and m expresses the integer of 4-n. When m is two or more, R1 may be the same or may differ.

[Formula 62]

(Among the formula, R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or ], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) However, 1 and 6-diamino pyrene compound is removed. [Formula 63]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 64]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, substitute, or ], R3 and R4 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, an alkoxy carbonyl group, substitute, or ], and R5 expresses a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, or an alkoxy group.) W expresses the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, substitute, or ]. In the integer of 1-4, and 1, the integer of 0-2 and m express the integer of 1 or 2, and n expresses [ j / the integer of 1-5, and k ] the integer of 1-3.

[Formula 65]

the inside of [type, and R1 -- a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, and a low-grade alkyl group -- expressing -- Ar -- the following general formula (b) -- or (c) --

[Formula 66]

(-- however, R2, R3, and R6 express the benzyl which is not replaced [ the low-grade alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R4 and R5 express a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, or a JI low-grade alkylamino radical.) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 67]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group, and chloro ethyl group or a hydroxyethyl radical among a formula, R2 expresses a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and R3 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [ the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 68]

(R1 expresses a low-grade alkyl group among a formula, and R2 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [ the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 69]

(Among a formula, even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ from each other, and they express the aralkyl radical which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group and hydroxy low-grade alkyl group, a Krol low-grade alkyl group the acyl group of the carbon numbers 1-2 of alkyl, the cycloalkyl radical of the carbon numbers 5-6 of alkyl, substitute, or ].)
[Formula 70]

A-CH2CH2-Ar1-CH2CH2-A (14)

Ar1 expresses among [type the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and A is N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (d) which is not replaced [ substitute or ].

[Formula 71]

(-- however, Ar2 is a heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- it expresses. ]

[Formula 72]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a dialkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, or a halogen atom among a formula, R2 and R3 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute or ], and Ar expresses an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Formula 73]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (e).

[Formula 74]

(-- however, Ar is an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical, and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. n expresses the integer of 0-4, and when n is two or more, even if R is the same, it may differ. ] [Formula 75]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (f).

[Formula 76]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or ]. n expresses the integer of 0-8.

[Formula 77]

(R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom among a formula, and even if these are the same, they may differ.)

[Formula 78]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and at least one of R1 and R2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ substitute or ].)
[Formula 79]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ.) R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When m or n is two or more, even if R3 and R4 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 80]

(m expresses the integer of 0 or 1 among a formula, and when m is 1, X expresses an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, -CH2-, -CH2CH2-, -CH=CH-, or -N(R)- (however, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].).) R1 and R2 express an alkyl group, an aralkyl radical, a ring type aromatic series radical, or a heterocycle radical, and R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. Ar expresses a ring type aromatic series radical or a heterocycle radical. n expresses the integer of 0 or 1. R3 may form the benzene ring with X.

[Formula 81]

(Ar expresses a phenylene group or a biphenylene radical among a formula, and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) n expresses the integer of 1-4. [Formula 82]

(A1 expresses among a formula the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], and A2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / A3 hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].) n expresses the integer of m and 1, or 2, and m+n is 3. However, when n is m or 2, even if A1, A3, or A2 is the same, it may differ. [Formula 83]

(R expresses a low-grade alkyl group or benzyl among a formula, and X expresses the amino group replaced by a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a halogen atom, the nitro group, the amino group, the low-grade alkyl group, or benzyl.) In expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Claim 8] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 7 characterized by containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer becomes from a charge generating layer which uses a charge transportation layer and a charge generating material as a principal component at least, and this charge transportation layer is shown by compound shown by general formula (3) at least, general formula (4), or (24).

[Claim 9] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 7 characterized by consisting of a monolayer sensitization layer containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer is shown by compound shown by charge generating material and general formula (3) at least, general formula (4), or (24).

[Claim 10] An electrophotography photo conductor characterized by coming to prepare a sensitization layer containing a kind of a compound shown by compound shown by the following general formula (4) at least, the following general formula (5), or (24) on a conductive base material.

[Formula 84]

(Among the formula, A1 and A2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or ], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) Ar expresses the condensation polynuclear hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ].

[Formula 85]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.) R3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or ], and R4 and R5 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, substitute, or ] and a halogen atom. m

expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and 1 expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When 1 and m are two or more integers, even if R4 and R5 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 86]

(R1 expresses among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R2, R3, and R4 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a methylene dioxy radical, substitute, or /, a halogen atom, substitute, or ].) h expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and k and l express the integer of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. When h, k, and l are two or more integers, even if R2, R3, and R4 are the same, they may differ n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and m expresses the integer of 4-n. When m is two or more, R1 may be the same or may differ.

[Formula 87]

(Among the formula, R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or ], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) However, 1 and 6-diamino pyrene compound is removed. [Formula 88]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 89]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, substitute, or ], R3 and R4 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, an alkoxy carbonyl group, substitute, or ], and R5 expresses a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, or an alkoxy group.) W expresses the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, substitute, or ]. In the integer of 1-4, and l, the integer of 0-2 and m express the integer of 1 or 2, and n expresses [ j / the integer of 1-5, and k ] the integer of 1-3.

[Formula 90]

the inside of [type, and R1 -- a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, and a low-grade alkyl group -- expressing -- Ar -- the following general formula (b) -- or (c) --

(Formula 911

(-- however, R2, R3, and R6 express the benzyl which is not replaced [ the low-grade alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R4 and R5 express a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, or a Π low-grade alkylamino radical.) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 92]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group, and chloro ethyl group or a hydroxyethyl radical among a formula, R2 expresses a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and R3 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [ the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 93]

(R1 expresses a low-grade alkyl group among a formula, and R2 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [ the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 94]

(Among a formula, even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ from each other, and they express the aralkyl radical which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group and hydroxy low-grade alkyl group, a Krol low-grade alkyl group the acyl group of the carbon numbers 1-2 of alkyl, the cycloalkyl radical of the carbon numbers 5-6 of alkyl, substitute, or ].)
[Formula 95]

A-CH2CH2-Ar1-CH2CH2-A (14)

Ar1 expresses among [type the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and A is N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (d) which is not replaced [ substitute or ].

[Formula 96]

(-- however, Ar2 is a heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 97]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a dialkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, or a halogen atom among a formula, R2 and R3 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute or ], and Ar expresses an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Formula 98]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (e).

[Formula 99]

(-- however, Ar is an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical, and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. n expresses the integer of 0-4, and when n is two or more, even if R is the same, it may differ. ]

[Formula 100]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (f).

[Formula 101]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or ]. n expresses the integer of 0-8.

[Formula 102]

(R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom among a formula, and even if these are the same, they may differ.)

[Formula 103]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and at least one of R1 and R2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ substitute or ].)

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ.) R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When m or n is two or more, even if R3 and R4 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 105]

(m expresses the integer of 0 or 1 among a formula, and when m is 1, X expresses an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, -CH2-, -CH2CH2-, -CH=CH-, or -N(R)- (however, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].).) R1 and R2 express an alkyl group, an aralkyl radical, a ring type aromatic series radical, or a heterocycle radical, and R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. Ar expresses a ring type aromatic series radical or a heterocycle radical. n expresses the integer of 0 or 1. R3 may form the benzene ring with X.

[Formula 106]

(Ar expresses a phenylene group or a biphenylene radical among a formula, and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) n expresses the integer of 1-4. [Formula 107]

(A1 expresses among a formula the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], A2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and A3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].) n expresses the integer of m and 1, or 2, and m+n is 3. However, when n is m or 2, even if A1, A3, or A2 is the same, it may differ. [Formula 108]

(R expresses a low-grade alkyl group or benzyl among a formula, and X expresses the amino group replaced by a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a halogen atom, the nitro group, the amino group, the low-grade alkyl group, or benzyl.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Claim 11] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 10 characterized by containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer becomes from a charge generating layer which uses a charge transportation layer and a charge generating material as a principal component at least, and this charge transportation layer is shown by compound shown by general formula (4) at least, general formula (5), or (24).

[Claim 12] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 10 characterized by consisting of a monolayer sensitization layer containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer is shown by compound shown by charge generating material and general formula (4) at least, general formula (5), or (24).

[Claim 13] An electrophotography photo conductor characterized by coming to prepare a sensitization layer containing a kind of a compound shown by compound shown by the following general formula (5) at least, the following general formula (6), or (24) on a conductive base material.

[Formula 109]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.) R3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or ], and R4 and R5 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, substitute, or ] and a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and 1 expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When I and m are two or more integers, even if R4 and R5 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 110]

(R1 expresses among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R2, R3, and R4 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a methylene dioxy radical, substitute, or /, a halogen atom, substitute, or ].) h expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and k and l express the integer of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5.

When h, k, and l are two or more integers, even if R2, R3, and R4 are the same, they may differ n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and m expresses the integer of 4-n. When m is two or more, R1 may be the same or may differ.

[Formula 111]

(Among the formula, R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or ], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) However, 1 and 6-diamino pyrene compound is removed. Formula 112]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 113]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, substitute, or ], R3 and R4 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, an alkoxy carbonyl group, substitute, or ], and R5 expresses a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, or an alkoxy group.) W expresses the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, substitute, or ]. In the integer of 1-4, and l, the integer of 0-2 and m express the integer of 1 or 2, and n expresses [ j / the integer of 1-5, and k ] the integer of 1-3.

[Formula 114]

the inside of [type, and R1 -- a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, and a low-grade alkyl group -- expressing -- Ar -- the following general formula (b) -- or (c) --

[Formula 115]

(-- however, R2, R3, and R6 express the benzyl which is not replaced [ the low-grade alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R4 and R5 express a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, or a JI low-grade alkylamino radical.) -- it expresses. ]

[Formula 116]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group, and chloro ethyl group or a hydroxyethyl radical among a formula, R2 expresses a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and R3 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [ the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 117]

(R1 expresses a low-grade alkyl group among a formula, and R2 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [ the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 118]

(Among a formula, even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ from each other, and they express the aralkyl radical which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group and hydroxy low-grade alkyl group, a Krol low-grade alkyl group the acyl group of the carbon numbers 1-2 of alkyl, the cycloalkyl radical of the carbon numbers 5-6 of alkyl, substitute, or ].)
[Formula 119]

A-CH2CH2-Ar1-CH2CH2-A (14)

Ar1 expresses among [type the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and A is N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (d) which is not replaced [ substitute or ].

[Formula 120]

(-- however, Ar2 is a heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 121]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a dialkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, or a halogen atom among a formula, R2 and R3 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute or ], and Ar expresses an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Formula 122]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (e).

[Formula 123]

(-- however, Ar is an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical, and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. n expresses the integer of 0-4, and when n is two or more, even if R is the same, it may differ. ] [Formula 124]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (f).

[Formula 125]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the

alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ]. n expresses the integer of 0-8.

[Formula 126]

(R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom among a formula, and even if these are the same, they may differ.)

[Formula 127]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and at least one of R1 and R2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ substitute or ].)
[Formula 128]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ.) R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When m or n is two or more, even if R3 and R4 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 129]

(m expresses the integer of 0 or 1 among a formula, and when m is 1, X expresses an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, -CH2-, -CH2CH2-, -CH=CH-, or -N(R)- (however, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].).) R1 and R2 express an alkyl group, an aralkyl radical, a ring type aromatic series radical, or a heterocycle radical, and R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. Ar expresses a ring type aromatic series radical or a heterocycle radical. n expresses the integer of 0 or 1. R3 may form the benzene ring with X.

[Formula 130]

(Ar expresses a phenylene group or a biphenylene radical among a formula, and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) n expresses the integer of 1-4. [Formula 131]

(A1 expresses among a formula the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], A2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and A3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].) n expresses the integer of m and 1, or 2, and m+n is 3. However, when n is m or 2, even if A1, A3, or A2 is the same, it may differ. [Formula 132]

(R expresses a low-grade alkyl group or benzyl among a formula, and X expresses the amino group replaced by a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a halogen atom, the nitro group, the amino group, the low-grade alkyl group, or benzyl.) In expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Claim 14] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 13 characterized by containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer becomes from a charge generating layer which uses a charge transportation layer and a charge generating material as a principal component at least, and this charge transportation layer is shown by compound shown by general formula (5) at least, general formula (6), or (24).

[Claim 15] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 13 characterized by consisting of a monolayer sensitization layer containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer is shown by compound shown by charge generating material and general formula (5) at least, general formula (6), or (24).

[Claim 16] An electrophotography photo conductor characterized by coming to prepare a sensitization layer containing a kind of a compound shown by compound shown by the following general formula (6) at least, the following general formula (7), or (24) on a conductive base material.

[Formula 133]

(R1 expresses among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R2, R3, and R4 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a methylene dioxy radical, substitute, or /, a halogen atom, substitute, or ].) h expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and k and l express the integer of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. When h, k, and l are two or more integers, even if R2, R3, and R4 are the same, they may differ n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and m expresses the integer of 4-n. When m is two or more, R1 may be the same or may differ.

[Formula 134]

(Among the formula, R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or ], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) However, 1 and 6-diamino pyrene compound is removed. Formula 1351

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 136]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, substitute, or ], R3 and R4 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, an alkoxy carbonyl group, substitute, or ], and R5 expresses a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, or an alkoxy group.) W expresses the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, substitute, or ]. In the integer of 1-4, and l, the integer of 0-2 and m express the integer of 1 or 2, and n expresses [ j / the integer of 1-5, and k ] the integer of 1-3.

[Formula 137]

the inside of [type, and R1 -- a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, and a low-grade alkyl group -- expressing -- Ar -- the following general formula (b) -- or (c) --

[Formula 138]

(-- however, R2, R3, and R6 express the benzyl which is not replaced [ the low-grade alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R4 and R5 express a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, or a JI low-grade alkylamino radical.) -- it expresses. ]
[Formula 139]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group, and chloro ethyl group or a hydroxyethyl radical among a formula, R2 expresses a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and R3 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [ the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 140]

(R1 expresses a low-grade alkyl group among a formula, and R2 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [ the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 141]

(Among a formula, even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ from each other, and they express the aralkyl radical which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group and hydroxy low-grade alkyl group, a Krol low-grade alkyl group the acyl group of the carbon numbers 1-2 of alkyl, the cycloalkyl radical of the carbon numbers 5-6 of alkyl, substitute, or ].)
[Formula 142]

A-CH2CH2-Ar1-CH2CH2-A (14)

Ar1 expresses among [type the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and A is N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (d) which is not replaced [ substitute or ].

[Formula 143]

(-- however, Ar2 is a heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 144]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a dialkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, or a halogen atom among a formula, R2 and R3 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute or ], and Ar expresses an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Formula 145]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (e).

[Formula 146]

(-- however, Ar is an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical, and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. n expresses the integer of 0-4, and when n is two or more, even if R is the same, it may differ. ] [Formula 147]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (f).

[Formula 148]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or ]. n expresses the integer of 0-8.

Formula 1491

(R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom among a formula, and even if these are the same, they may differ.)

[Formula 150]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and at least one of R1 and R2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ substitute or ].)
[Formula 151]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ.) R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When m or n is two or more, even if R3 and R4 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 152]

(m expresses the integer of 0 or 1 among a formula, and when m is 1, X expresses an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, -CH2-, -CH2CH2-, -CH=CH-, or -N(R)- (however, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].).) R1 and R2 express an alkyl group, an aralkyl radical, a ring type aromatic series radical, or a heterocycle radical, and R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. Ar expresses a ring type aromatic series radical or a heterocycle radical in expresses the integer of 0 or 1. R3 may form the benzene ring with X.

[Formula 153]

(Ar expresses a phenylene group or a biphenylene radical among a formula, and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) n expresses the integer of 1-4. [Formula 154]

(A1 expresses among a formula the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], A2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and A3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or ], and A3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].) n expresses the integer of m and 1, or 2, and m+n is 3. However, when n is m or 2, even if A1, A3, or A2 is the same, it may differ. [Formula 155]

(R expresses a low-grade alkyl group or benzyl among a formula, and X expresses the amino group replaced by a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a halogen atom, the nitro group, the amino group, the low-grade alkyl group, or benzyl.) In expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Claim 17] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 16 characterized by containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer becomes from a charge generating layer which uses a charge transportation layer and a charge generating material as a principal component at least, and this charge transportation layer is shown by compound shown by general formula (6) at least, general formula (7), or (24).

[Claim 18] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 16 characterized by consisting of a monolayer sensitization layer containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer is shown by compound shown by charge generating material and general formula (6) at least, general formula (7), or (24).

[Claim 19] An electrophotography photo conductor characterized by coming to prepare a sensitization layer containing a kind of a compound shown by compound shown by the following general formula (7) at least, the following general formula (8), or (24) on a conductive base material.

[Formula 156]

(Among the formula, R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or ], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) However, 1 and 6-diamino pyrene compound is removed. [Formula 157]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 158]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, substitute, or ], R3 and R4 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, an alkoxy carbonyl group, substitute, or ], and R5 expresses a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, or an alkoxy group.) W expresses the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, substitute, or ]. In the integer of 1-4, and l, the integer of 0-2 and m express the integer of 1 or 2, and n expresses [ j / the integer of 1-5, and k ] the integer of 1-3.

[Formula 159]

the inside of [type, and R1 -- a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, and a low-grade alkyl group -- expressing -- Ar -- the following general formula (b) -- or (c) --

[Formula 160]

(-- however, R2, R3, and R6 express the benzyl which is not replaced [ the low-grade alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R4 and R5 express a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, or a JI low-grade alkylamino radical.) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 161]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group, and chloro ethyl group or a hydroxyethyl radical among a formula, R2 expresses a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and R3 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [ the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 162]

(R1 expresses a low-grade alkyl group among a formula, and R2 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [ the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 163]

(Among a formula, even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ from each other, and they express the aralkyl radical which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group and hydroxy low-grade alkyl group, a Krol low-grade alkyl group the acyl group of the carbon numbers 1-2 of alkyl, the cycloalkyl radical of the carbon numbers 5-6 of alkyl, substitute, or ].)
[Formula 164]

A-CH2CH2-Ar1-CH2CH2-A (14)

Ar1 expresses among [type the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and A is N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (d) which is not replaced [ substitute or ].

[Formula 165]

(-- however, Ar2 is a heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 166]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a dialkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, or a halogen atom among a formula, R2 and R3 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute or ], and Ar expresses an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Formula 167]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (e).

[Formula 168]

(-- however, Ar is an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical, and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. n expresses the integer of 0-4, and when n is two or more, even if R is the same, it may differ. ] [Formula 169]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (f).

[Formula 170]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ]. n expresses the integer of 0-8.

[Formula 171]

(R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom among a formula, and even if these are the same, they may differ.)

[Formula 172]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and at least one of R1 and R2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ substitute or ].)
[Formula 173]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ.) R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When m or n is two or more, even if R3 and R4 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 174]

(m expresses the integer of 0 or 1 among a formula, and when m is 1, X expresses an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, -CH2-, -CH2CH2-, -CH=CH-, or -N(R)- (however, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) R1 and R2 express an alkyl group, an aralkyl radical, a ring type aromatic series radical, or a heterocycle radical, and R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. Ar expresses a ring type aromatic series radical or a heterocycle radical. n expresses the integer of 0 or 1. R3 may form the benzene ring with X.

[Formula 175]

(Ar expresses a phenylene group or a biphenylene radical among a formula, and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) n expresses the integer of 1-4. [Formula 176]

(A1 expresses among a formula the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], A2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and A3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or ], substitute, or ].) n expresses the integer of m and 1, or 2, and m+n is 3. However, when n is m or 2, even if A1, A3, or A2 is the same, it may differ. [Formula 177]

(R expresses a low-grade alkyl group or benzyl among a formula, and X expresses the amino group replaced by a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a halogen atom, the nitro group, the amino group, the low-grade alkyl group, or benzyl.) In expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Claim 20] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 19 characterized by containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer becomes from a charge generating layer which uses a charge transportation layer and a charge generating material as a principal component at least, and this charge transportation layer is shown by compound shown by

general formula (7) at least, general formula (8), or (24).

[Claim 21] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 19 characterized by consisting of a monolayer sensitization layer containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer is shown by compound shown by charge generating material and general formula (7) at least, general formula (8), or (24).

[Claim 22] An electrophotography photo conductor characterized by coming to prepare a sensitization layer containing a kind of a compound shown by compound shown by the following general formula (8) at least, the following general formula (9), or (24) on a conductive base material.

[Formula 178]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 179]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, substitute, or ], R3 and R4 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, an alkoxy carbonyl group, substitute, or ], and R5 expresses a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, or an alkoxy group.) W expresses the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, substitute, or ]. In the integer of 1-4, and l, the integer of 0-2 and m express the integer of 1 or 2, and n expresses [ j / the integer of 1-5, and k ] the integer of 1-3.

[Formula 180]

the inside of [type, and R1 -- a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, and a low-grade alkyl group -- expressing -- Ar -- the following general formula (b) -- or (c) --

[Formula 181]

(-- however, R2, R3, and R6 express the benzyl which is not replaced [ the low-grade alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R4 and R5 express a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, or a II low-grade alkylamino radical.) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 182]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group, and chloro ethyl group or a hydroxyethyl radical among a formula, R2 expresses a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and R3 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [ the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 183]

(R1 expresses a low-grade alkyl group among a formula, and R2 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [ the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 184]

(Among a formula, even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ from each other, and they express the aralkyl radical which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group and hydroxy low-grade alkyl group, a Krol low-grade alkyl group the acyl group of the carbon numbers 1-2 of alkyl, the cycloalkyl radical of the carbon numbers 5-6 of alkyl, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 185] A-CH2CH2-Ar1-CH2CH2-A (14)

Ar1 expresses among [type the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and A is N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (d) which is not replaced [ substitute or ].

[Formula 186]

(-- however, Ar2 is a heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 187]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a dialkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, or a halogen atom among a formula, R2 and R3 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute or ], and Ar expresses an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Formula 188]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (e).

[Formula 189]

(-- however, Ar is an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical, and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. n expresses the integer of 0-4, and when n is two or more, even if R is the same, it may differ. ] [Formula 190]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (f).

[Formula 191]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which

is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ]. n expresses the integer of 0-8.

[Formula 192]

(R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom among a formula, and even if these are the same, they may differ.)

[Formula 193]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and at least one of R1 and R2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ substitute or ].)
[Formula 194]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ.) R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When m or n is two or more, even if R3 and R4 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 195]

(m expresses the integer of 0 or 1 among a formula, and when m is 1, X expresses an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, -CH2-, -CH2CH2-, -CH=CH-, or -N(R)- (however, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) R1 and R2 express an alkyl group, an aralkyl radical, a ring type aromatic series radical, or a heterocycle radical, and R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. Ar expresses a ring type aromatic series radical or a heterocycle radical. n expresses the integer of 0 or 1. R3 may form the benzene ring with X.

[Formula 196]

(Ar expresses a phenylene group or a biphenylene radical among a formula, and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) n expresses the integer of 1-4. [Formula 197]

(A1 expresses among a formula the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], A2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and A3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or ], substitute, or ].) n expresses the integer of m and 1, or 2, and m+n is 3. However, when n is m or 2, even if A1, A3, or A2 is the same, it may differ. [Formula 198]

(R expresses a low-grade alkyl group or benzyl among a formula, and X expresses the amino group replaced by a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a halogen atom, the nitro group, the amino group, the low-grade alkyl group, or benzyl.) In expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Claim 23] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 22 characterized by containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer becomes from a charge generating layer which uses a charge transportation layer and a charge generating material as a principal component at least, and this charge transportation layer is shown by compound shown by general formula (8) at least, general formula (9), or (24).

[Claim 24] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 22 characterized by consisting of a monolayer sensitization layer containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer is shown by compound shown by charge generating material and general formula (8) at least, general formula (9), or (24).

[Claim 25] An electrophotography photo conductor characterized by coming to prepare a sensitization layer containing a kind of a compound shown by compound shown by the following general formula (9) at least, the following general formula (10), or (24) on a conductive base material.

[Formula 199]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, substitute, or ], R3 and R4 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, an alkoxy carbonyl group, substitute, or ], and R5 expresses a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, or an alkoxy group.) W expresses the alkyl group which is not replaced [ a hydrogen atom, substitute, or ]. In the integer of 1-4, and l, the integer of 0-2 and m express the integer of 1 or 2, and n expresses [ j / the integer of 1-5, and k ] the integer of 1-3.

[Formula 200]

the inside of [type, and R1 -- a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, and a low-grade alkyl group -- expressing -- Ar -- the following general formula (b) -- or (c) --

[Formula 201]

(-- however, R2, R3, and R6 express the benzyl which is not replaced [ the low-grade alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R4 and R5 express a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, or a Π low-grade alkylamino radical.) -- it expresses. ]

[Formula 202]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group, and chloro ethyl group or a hydroxyethyl radical among a formula, R2 expresses a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and R3 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [ the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the

diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 203]

(R1 expresses a low-grade alkyl group among a formula, and R2 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [ the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].)

[Formula 204]

(Among a formula, even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ from each other, and they express the aralkyl radical which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group and hydroxy low-grade alkyl group, a Krol low-grade alkyl group the acyl group of the carbon numbers 1-2 of alkyl, the cycloalkyl radical of the carbon numbers 5-6 of alkyl, substitute, or ].)
[Formula 2051]

A-CH2CH2-Ar1-CH2CH2-A (14)

Ar1 expresses among [type the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and A is N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (d) which is not replaced [ substitute or ].

[Formula 206]

(-- however, Ar2 is a heterocycle radical which is not replaced [ the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 207]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a dialkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, or a halogen atom among a formula, R2 and R3 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute or ], and Ar expresses an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Formula 208]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (e).

[Formula 209]

(-- however, Ar is an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical, and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. n expresses the integer of 0-4, and when n is two or more, even if R is the same, it may differ. ] [Formula 210]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical which is not replaced [ 9-anthryl radical, substitute, or ], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (f).

Formula 2111

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or ]. n expresses the integer of 0-8.

[Formula 212]

(R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom among a formula, and even if these are the same, they may differ.)

[Formula 213]

 $(R1 \text{ and } R2 \text{ express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and at least one of R1 and R2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ substitute or ].)$ 

[Formula 214]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ.) R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When m or n is two or more, even if R3 and R4 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 215]

(m expresses the integer of 0 or 1 among a formula, and when m is 1, X expresses an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, -CH2-, -CH2CH2-, -CH=CH-, or -N(R)- (however, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].).) R1 and R2 express an alkyl group, an aralkyl radical, a ring type aromatic series radical, or a heterocycle radical, and R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. Ar expresses a ring type aromatic series radical or a heterocycle radical. n expresses the integer of 0 or 1. R3 may form the benzene ring with X.

[Formula 216]

(Ar expresses a phenylene group or a biphenylene radical among a formula, and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ].) n expresses the integer of 1-4. [Formula 217]

(A1 expresses among a formula the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [ substitute or ], A2 expresses the aryl

group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or ], and A3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [ the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or ].) n expresses the integer of m and 1, or 2, and m+n is 3. However, when n is m or 2, even if A1, A3, or A2 is the same, it may differ. [Formula 218]

(R expresses a low-grade alkyl group or benzyl among a formula, and X expresses the amino group replaced by a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a halogen atom, the nitro group, the amino group, the low-grade alkyl group, or

benzyl.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Claim 26] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 25 characterized by containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer becomes from a charge generating layer which uses a charge transportation layer and a charge generating material as a principal component at least, and this charge transportation layer is shown by compound shown by general formula (9) at least, general formula (10), or (24).

[Claim 27] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 25 characterized by consisting of a monolayer sensitization layer containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer is shown by compound shown by charge

generating material and general formula (9) at least, general formula (10), or (24).

[Translation done.]